Beilage. M

Mahle Powertrain Ltd Testing Facility

Costin House St James Mill Road Northampton NN5 5TZ

ECE and FTP Emission Testing Report

Vehicle Code: NAYA 03

Renault Modus NU54 DYY

Customer:

Customer Contact:

Project Number:

Testing Date Started: 7th February 2011

Testing Date Completed: 18th March 2011

(Revised Document 30th November 2012 to include ASTME178 Data)



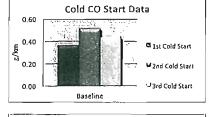
Signed by ICoLCAN

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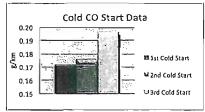


CO Results

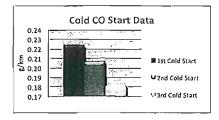
Baseline FTP - Cold Starts Outlier Check (for 3	Samples)			*** ; ;	
10 M		1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1	_p value*		
	Result	T.Statistic	0.05	0,1	
1st Cold Start	0.36	0.9911 ₹	Ok	Ok .	min dlff
2nd Cold Start	0.51	E-1.0087	Ok	Ok	0.075333
3rd Cold Start	0.43	-0.0175	Ok	· Ok	max diff
. Mean = 30	.0.4333	:COV = 1	% Change from	Base:	
Stdev =	/\(\)0.0760 :	17.54049	<u>, 0,% %%</u>	100 TO 10	



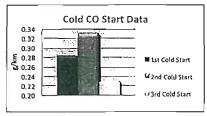
FTP - Cold Starts Outlier Check (for 3	Samples)	्री अंग्रेडिया इं		200	
		الإربية ، عنويرالاً .	p value*	. 12	
v. 表望起多是的《	#Result #	T Statistic	%.≅≅0.05 <u>.</u> ≞.: ⁻	0,1	
1st Cold Start	0.17	∹0.7259 ∜	Ok	Ok -	mln diff
2nd Cold Start	0.18	€0.4148 5	Ok	Ok	0.00933
3rd Cold Start	0.20	1:1406	S OK 1	.≝.Ok (₹®)	max diff
Mean =	0.1803	(COV = U)	% Change from	Base	
Stdev =	0.0129	7.130241	£58.98461538	merit the	

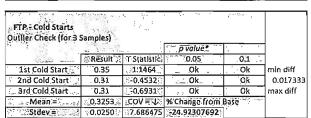


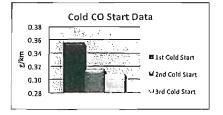
FTP - Cold Starts Outlier Check (for 3.	Samples)			ر دعامیه	o'
.;		1	p value	75-55	
<u>Standard of Alabahade</u>	Result	T Statistic		0.1	
1st Cold Start	0.22	~0.9309 ."	Ok	Ok	min diff
2nd Cold Start	0.21	0.1262	Ok	Ok	0.022333
Sand Cold Start S	0.18	-1:0571	Ok	, Ok	max diff
Mean ≘	0.2033	(COV = ↓	% Change from	Base	
Stdev =	0.0211	10.39013	53.07692308	(- u,u ,	

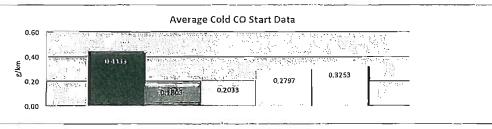


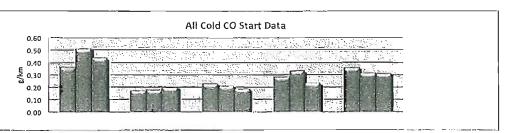
FTP - Cold Starts Outlier Check (for 3	Samples)	21/4 21/6	Myg 'n hal Bannin			_
1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1	90. B		p volue*			
93 - 1 7	Result	T Statistic	0.05	:	0.1	
1st Cold Start	0.28	0.0267	i Ok		Ok :	min diff
2nd Cold Start	. 0.33	0.9864	Ok		- Ok	0.050667
3rd Cold Start	0.23	-1.0131	_Ok	3	. Ok ∴	max diff
Mean = NAA	≝0.2797 ₡	COV = ↓↓.	% Change Iro	iπ.	Base .	
: EStdev = Time	#0.0500℃	-17.88319	-35:4615384	16	W 9	











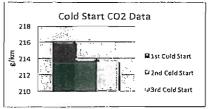


CO2 Results

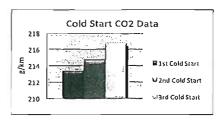
ETP - Cold Starts Outlier Check (for 3	Samples)	<i>I</i>			
And the second		100	p value!		1
	Result	Tistatistic	0,05	(0.19)	1
1st/Cold/Start	219.23	131323	0k	O.K	min diff
2nd(Cold)Start	217.22	E0.3702	0k _ /	Dk :	1.01
3rd cold Start	216.69	-0.7621	Ok	Ok	max diff
MAana	21777190	200V=UI	%Change fa	om:Base	1
5\dev.=	19374	0.614149	0		

		_
6 3 4 6	N 4.7	— ■ 1st Cold Start
	E - 1	2110 COIG 3(3) (
		– ∪3rd Cold Stort
		Baseline

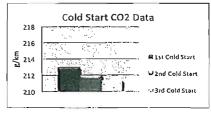
FTP - Cold Starts Outlier Check (for 3	Samples)		The state of the s		
	Rasult	TS TO US HOLD	0.05	100	
Ist cold Start	216,04	1 1985 1	OK	Ok	min dilf
2 2nd Cold Start	214.01	103023	ØR i	OK4	0.970333
- Intendistrit	213;57	0.7362	OK	(OK=	max diff
. Mean	214 5403	COVE	% Change!	om Base	
Stdev	19181	0.614386	021/45/27	1000	

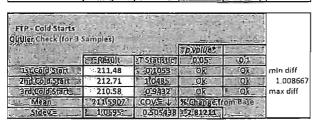


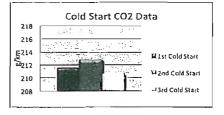
FIP - Cold Starts Outlier Check (for 3	Samples)				
计算程序	21.		p.volue*		Ī
	Result	ग्रहां विद्या	10105	1011	1
13t Cold Start	213,28	(0,9372	Ø)	(O)k	min diff
2nd Cold Staff	. 214.64	0/1156	QK	= 10)	1.551333
37d Cold Staft	216.57	£ 100528	Q)x	(O)k T	max diff
Mean'	214 8263 3	ECOVERUM	%.Change fi	om Baso	1
Stdev=	1(6553)	0.777.0536	113259		

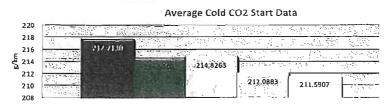


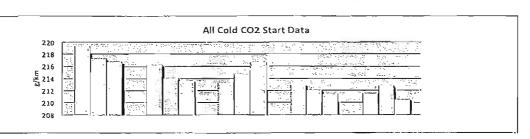
FTP - Cold Starts Outlier Check (for 3	Samoles):				
			pyojue*		
	Result	T Statistic	10:05	071	
1st Cold Start	212.92	1:053 Tai	Ok	:Ok	min diff
2nd Cold Start	212.00	0.1154	Qk	(O)k	0.743333
ard cold Start	211,35	-0.9357	OK	Ok _ ع	max diff
Mean∑∗	212.0883	COV = V	25 Changell	rom Base	
Sidev	07/935	0974155	F2:58352		











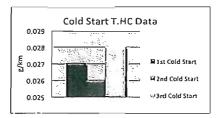


T.HC Results

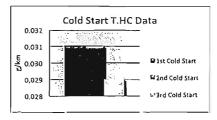
Barkling FTP - Cold Starts Outlier Check (for 3	Samples)				
			p xalue		
	是用自己下。.	TSUMBIC	0.05	0.1	
Tat Cold Start	0.040	0.7259	ØΚ	Ok	min diff
2nd Cold Start 3	0.041	10:4148	⊆ Ok ∃	Qk	0.002333
3rd Cold Start	0.046	1:1406	Ok 3	Ok.	max diff
Mean	50.0423	CONTENT	%Change b	onr Base	
stdev=	\$0,0032	7:593426	* O		

0.048			
0.046	1813/16		
		i I	
E 0.044	717, 798,77	50 - 1 - 1	1st Cold Start
E 0,042	Table Seamen		
0.040			¥2nd Cold Start
0.038			
0.036	BITTE ST	4.5	₩3rd Cold Start

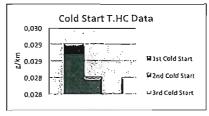
FTP - Cold Starts Outlier Check (for 3	Samples)				
			p.vqlue	BUSSE	1
	Result	T.SIMUSIC	0.705	0.1	1
15t.C61d/5tart	0,027	20,0000	OK	Ok .	min diff
2nd Cold Stant	0.026	110000	Ok .	0)(0.001
3rd Ebld Sfart	0.028	1.0000	OK	Q)	max diff
Means	0.027.0	COVEL	2 Chines of	om Base"	1
Stdev	@Q!QQ10	3703704	E38122059		

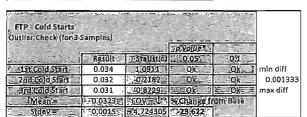


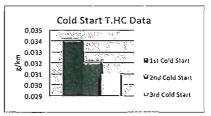
FTP - Cold Starts Outline Check (for 3	(Samples)				
	3311(HICS)		<i>Бр.упша</i>	Santan .	
	Result	T-Stelled (c)	0:05	00	1
Left cold Start	0.031	0)577A	O.C.	Ok .	min diff
2ndicold/Start	0.031	0.577A	Ok	Oli	0.001333
ard cold start	0.029	-1-1547	Ok =	- dok ≥	max diff
Mean-	20,0303 ≥	ECOV U	26 CHARLES	om Base	1
Stdey.=	0,0012	31806705	E28 345 50		

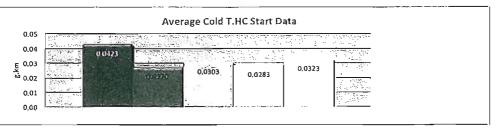


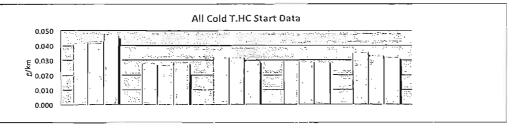
FTP - Cold Starts					
Outlier Check (for 3	samples)		Light No.		
ė ir		المنفعد م	p.Vd[ue*		
لأدكد والمسترجوع	Result	J.Statistic	0.05	011.	
1st coldistart	0,029	1-1547	OX	Ok-	min diff
2ndiCold Start	D,028	10.577A	Ok 3	D)x	0.00033
ार्गहरकविक्रकार	0.028	0.5774	Ok	Ok	max diff
Mean-	三0.0283元	COVENT	S.Chimael	on Hase	
5tdev=	70,0005	2,037,707	33,0709		l







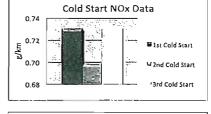




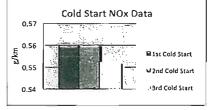


NOx Results

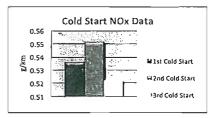
Baseline	Arra N	Section of the		٧.	_
FTP - Cold Starts	. 7	1000			
Outlier Check (for 3 5	Samples)			-	
E .		1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1	p volue *	177	1
\$	Result 🤐	T. Statistic.	0.05	0.1	1
1st Cold Start	0.730	 ○0.5505	(Ok	Ok	min diff
2nd Cold Start	0.698	-1.1543	C.≧Ok .	Ok.	0.021667
3rd Cold Start	0.731	0.6038	≅.Ok ∜	: Ok :	max diff
Mean	0.7197	ĭCOV = U∋	% Change Ir	om Base	1
Stdev = S	30.0188	2.608228	0	S.,	l



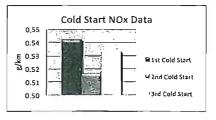
FTP - Cold Starts		- 555	er i gode Alleki	- 	
Outlier Check (for 3 :	Samples)	,	SECTION	Ē	
			p value*	F 37 3	1
5	Result	TStatistic:	0.05 =	0.1]
1st Cold Start	0.560	0.5774	Ok	Ok	min diff
2nd Cold Start	0.560	0.5774	Ok	Ok	0.005333
3rd Cold Start	0.552	= 1.1597	型Ok 测点	Ok i	max diff
Mean =	0.5573	COV≅∜			1
Stdev,≡	0.0046	0.828732	-22.5567	refunction.	

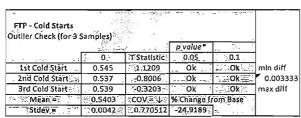


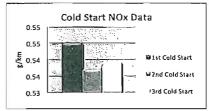
FTP - Cold Starts Outlier Check (for 3	Samples)		1000±10.0.		
3,43	Jan - 150 3		p value*	7 X 788	
	Result .	TStatistic	0,05	0.1	
1st Cold Start	0.536	0.0230	Ok	Ok	min diff
2nd Cold Start	0.531	1,0113	Ok	.Ok	0.014333
3rd Cold Start	0.522	0.9883∰	三三Ok	: Ok	max diff
Mean ===	0.5363	COV ≒ Û	% Change fo	om Base	
Stdev =	0.0145	2.704078	-25.4748	- 12 P	

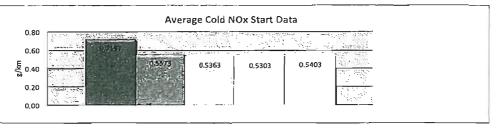


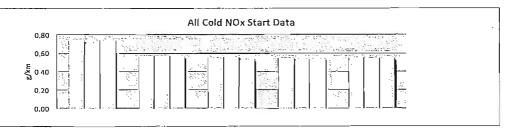
FTP - Cold Starts Outlier Check (for 3 s	Sampler		, ()		
Outher Check from 5	amples/		p volue!		
and water was	Result	T-Statistic)	∴0.05	. 0.1	
1st Cold Start	0.542	0.8836	© Ok ∠	. Ok:	min diff
2nd Cold Start	, 0.516	-1.0856	is≪Ok ∞2	Ok	0.014333
3rd Cold Start	0.533	£0.2020	::∴Ok	Ok	max diff
Mean =	0.5303	COV = U /	% Change I	om Basa	
- Stdev =	0.0132	2.489667	7-26.3085		











From: Simader Günter < Guenter. Simader@energyagency.at>

Sent: Monday, 1 February 2016 17:22

To: Fenzl, Elisa

Subject: AW: Energy saving measure

Dear Elisa,

Yes, I can confirm that the Energy Efficiecy Act and § 27 regulation (Including appendices) does not specify any particular testing method for the 'Reinigungs- und Reinhalteaddltive für Dieselkraftstoffe'-method!

Best greetings from Vienna

Günter Simader

DI Dr. Günter R. Simader

Leitung: Nationale Energieeffizienz Monitoringstelle

Leitung: Center Gebäude

ÖSTERREICHISCHE ENERGIEAGENTUR

AUSTRIAN ENERGY AGENCY

Mariahilfer Straße 136 | 1150 Vienna | Austría

T. +43-1-586 15 24-124 | Fax +43-1-586 15 24-340

guenter.simader@energyagency.at | www.energyagency.at

Für alle Informationen der Monitoringstelle Energieeffizienz gilt der Haftungsausschluss.

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Von: Fenzl, Elisa [mailto:Elisa.Fenzl@AftonChemical.com]

Gesendet: Montag, 01. Februar 2016 11:39

An: Simader Günter

Betreff: Energy saving measure

Dear Gunter

I hope you are well.

The deadline for the implementation of the energy saving measure is approaching and I am sure you are busy!

We are working with our customers to comply on time and I would need your help on the following question, as we have been asked for it by some of our customers:

Can you confirm that the legislation does not specify any particular testing method, therefore a "real world" method is also acceptable as long as we provide the necessary documents?

Many thanks for your understanding

Regards

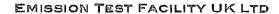
Elisa fenzi

Afton Chemical

Tel: 00447595075743

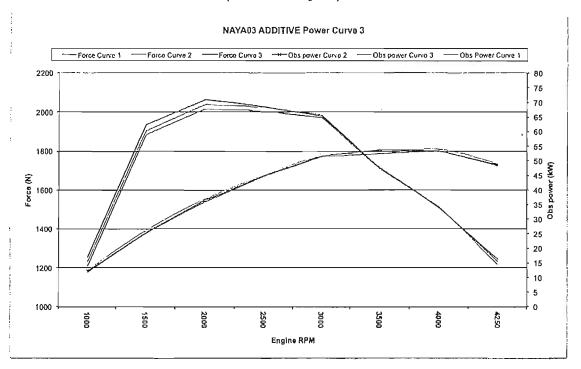
Afton Chemical Limited London Road, Bracknell, Berkshire, RG12 2UW, UK Afton Chemical Limited Registered in England and Wales under registered number 01213092

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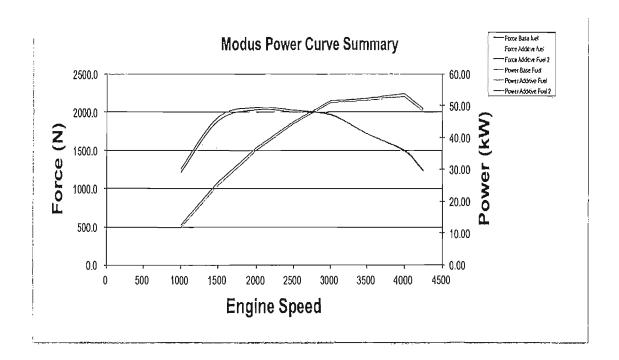




Power Curve 3 Additive Fuel (End of Project)



Power Curve before and after project comparison





Appendix 2: Base Fuel Certificate Analysis

	PET ROC CARLE			Олен Інтисто Гва	600 C 51035 UVISA Oukkaal Z-WBUL 25 2000 Antwarp Balgiur - 323 2069375 323 2263120
	Certificate of A	-		1 0 1	373 2703120
	Lot : 1000 Batch : 10/26		Product harre		
Cuxtomor Name Customer No	0570)C	,,			
Ship To Name	3312).		Pinducthuniber Onentity	47094 61200	
Lelivary Address	St. Jannas Hilli Roge		Cartificals No.	70009663	ļ
	Nonhampion		Certificate Date	\$402/201	•
	NETTH		Approval Dato	INTERNI	
PCL DIECY Rolananc			Approved By: Checked by	Nicholas	
Customer (tom Cnd)			Approval Status	Sita (Cri Bogasan	
Customer Coscapila			Spec No	47004	1 13
Mellion	L Description & 1	क्षा ६३ माह	Max	Religion	A Mariey 12
ASTN 04052	Density at 15°C	6.633	0.837	C 2357	symL.
ASTM DB3	1 t (2			1910	·C
ASTM DOS	10 % Recovered at			215.0	·c
ASTAL DOS	In berevoseH № CU	245		2750	·C
ASTAL DOG	to beneatook 2 C4			120.0	٠٢
ASTM DD3	t/5 % Hecovered at	345	350	3453	٠.
ASTM DB3	F.8 Pt		370	ე5∠ უ	٠.٢
CIRC MTRA	Cetane Number	57	M	53 A	nr 3
AGTM D1319	Arematics			30.7	לני איני
ASTM DIJIU	Dens			13.6	2: 7.0
ASTM 093	Flash Point, Pensky Closed	កូន កូន		92	'C
IP 39 (Polydya a Aromelia Hydrocennane (PCA) Glaud Polnt	3.0	5.5	3.7	301.022
ASTM DZ&UU ASTM DZ!//	Strong And Number		2,02	ب <u>ن</u> ۔ ن	C.
43111 JEZZA	Ox dul on Shubility		2.5	0 7	n y KOHk n y1100ml
1- 12	Gross Heat of Corceoptor			15 /e	foli Akg
4817/13130	Coppni Connaino, Ship El 1891C			16	
AS131 C445	Misconilly of 40°C	23	3.3	2 65	mulls
ASIM DAGS.	Sulp ա		10	sinc-	mykę
ISO 12138	Tubicity 0/980 1,4; in 80°C		400	304	וייי
ASTM 04550	Carbon Rosiduo (on 10% Olst. Res)		a 7	-D 0-	% महिल
ASIM 11487	Ash			40 P51	35817 %
EN 1'6	Cold Frien Plug Pr		δ	22	٠٥
P 39*	Aranstics Tota			2R 4	፠心፞፞፞፞፞
48 JM 02769	Water & Sediment		703	C:	% onl
IP 438	Water Content		200	70 Nonc	mg/kg
FN 14C70 P 12	Haby Adia Methyl Ester (HAME) Content Net Celonik: Value			42 52	% vA: 131145
P 17 /	Net Calonic Value			18452	Elizib
CALCLIATION					
CLOVENTAL ANALYSIS	Oxygen Content			<u.c4< td=""><td>.0</td></u.c4<>	.0
AS 1M D5261	Carbon Content			80.00	7/ TIS-85
ASTM DS291	Hydrogon Contor I			CA.E1	yı lüst
CALCULATION	Atomic A'G Ratio Atomic O'G Ratio			49.0003 1 84	Ratio
ilines 04:02:20:11	Phis carritogre is generated electronically and is t				បុគ្គក្នុង ។



The information below shows the

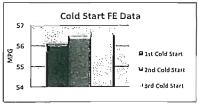
data for this vehicle,

Fuel Economy Results

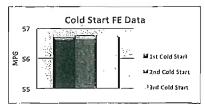
Baseline NEDC - Cold Starts Outlier Check (for 4	Samples)				
1176 2012	1. 19.00	Tarkink	*p value *	1 1 4	
1987	Result :	T Statistic	0.058	0.1 1/4	min diff
₹ 1st Cold Start	55.8069	-0.4586	Ok .	Oks	0.12640
2nd Cold Start	55.7647	-0.6884	- Ok	∜ Ok ∴	max dlff
"3rd Cold Start"	56.1017	1.1470	~^Ok _	Ok	0.21060
Mean #	955.8911 ∜	COV = √	% Change (rom Bose	
Stdev =	P™0.1836 🐗	0,328498	0	T. Mario	

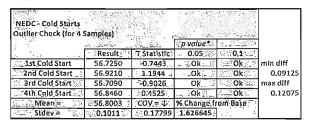
57	TANKE -	· .
₩ 26]	■ 1st Cold Start
2		¥2nd Cold Start
55		13rd Cold Start

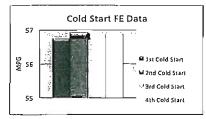
NEDC Cold Starts Outlier Check (for 4	Samples)		V-Feb.		
A			p value "	<u>400 N N</u>	
	Result.	T Statistic!	0.05	0.1	min diff
1st_Cold Start`	-56.0700	-1.1224	مدير الم 🗓 🗷 مدري	Ok	0,28667
2nd Cold Start	56,4400	0.3263 <u></u> :	Ok	:::Ok=fi	max diff
3rd Cold Start	56,5600	0.7961	点题 Oke 适	≡ Ok ∵	0.20333
Mean ≽ .	56.3567.	⟨COV ≡ J	% Change fi	om Bose -	
Stdev= -	_0.2554	0.4532	0.832989		

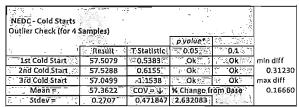


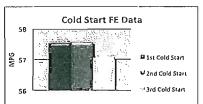
NEDC - Cold Starts Outlier Check (for 4			i v	P 6	
<i>"</i>	This was	that An	p value"	2007 - 11 月	
30 32 1 mm	***Result ***	T Statistic	0.05	70.1 33	
で表1st Cold Start 。。	56.7121	111081	OX	ST*Ok : □	min dlff
2nd Cold Start	56.7570	0.8354	∵Ok %©	≫ok./ ₹	0.02560
ard Cold Start are	56.7440	0.2727	11 Ok ⊕%	Ok	max diff
™e Mean =	56.7377	COV = ↓	% Change I	om Base	0.01930
Stdev = ₹	50.0231	0.04072	1.514731		

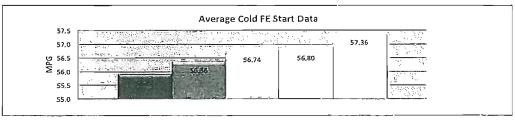


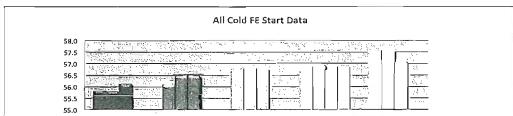












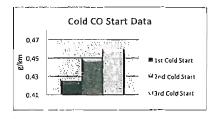


CO Results

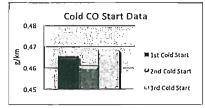
Baseline NEDC - Cold Starts	as were	TO S	36	7 "4588" T	
Outlier Check (for 4	amples)	369	_	5-2	
·			p volue?	3 UTOWA 4	1
<u> </u>	Result	T.Statktlc	్ 0.05	0.1	min diff
1st Cold Start	0,498	1.1401	≟ Ok	Ok	0,03600
2nd Cold Start	0.547	0.4117	₹© Oke	Ok	max diff
3rd Cold Start	0.557	, 0.7284	Sale Ok Ca	Ok *	0.02300
Mean =	0.5340 🕸	COV = ↓:	% Change from	n Base	1
Stdev = \$	0.0316	5.912979	â.,	7	

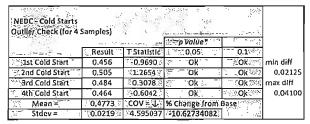
Cold CO Start Da	ta
1 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4	1:t Cold Start
-	U 2nd Cold Start
— (1988)	
	rt 3rd Cold Start

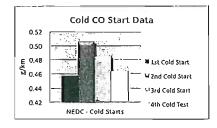
NEDC - Cold Starts	2 8		e Alberta Viet in the Control of	in for the second of the secon	
Outlior Check (for 4	Samples) 🗦		a Da		
A SE		. 6 si	p value*		
. 3.00	Result	T_Statistic;	D.05	~ 0.1	min diff
1st Cold Start	0.424	1:1022		Ok	0,02033
2nd Cold Start	0.449	0.2530	Ok	. Ok	max diff
3rd Cold Start	0.460	€0.8492.5	海海 Ok 年 五	走 Ok	0,01567
Mean =	₩ 0.4443 @	COV <u>=</u> ↓	%'Change from	Baso	
, @Stdev.=≌∄ ர	0.0184	4.151866	£16.79151061		

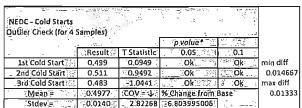


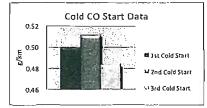
NEDC - Cold Starts Outlier Check (for 4		ny A. Sino		ve Amoria	
	-		s p value s		
A CONTRACTOR OF THE PARTY OF TH	Result :	T _i Statistic	ئىلىپ ت 0.05	% 50:1 ₹	
Ist Cold Start	0.465	0.0949	Z=₹3Ok	Ok	min diff
2nd Cold Start	0.461	-1.0441	海拉巴(Oktober):	Ok	0.00367
3rd Cold Start 🚎	0.468	₩0.9492#	@ALEOk#TTP	Ok	max diff
Mean ⊨	® 0.4647 ⁻ ;	co∧≘↑	% Change from,	Base	0.00333
= CSStdev =\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\	%0.0035 %	0.755786	E12,98377029		

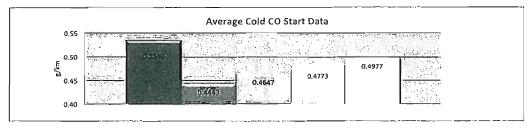


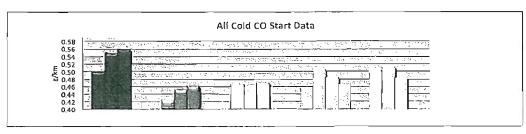






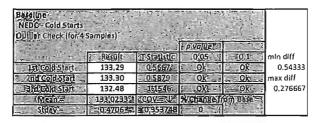


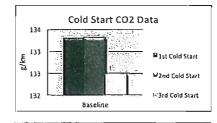




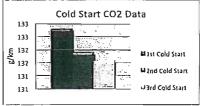


CO2 Results

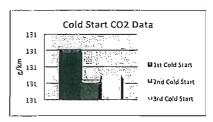


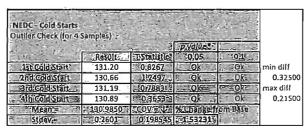


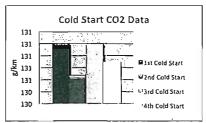
NEDG - Cold Starts Qullipp Check (for 4					
			30 Volue		
	Result	T.Statistic	6 0.05	0,11	min diff
15hGold Start	132,77	131190	(O):	Ok	0.506667
2nd/cold/start	131,87	-031291	Ok *	1 0x	max diff
-Brd:Cold Starte	131,56	0.8061	30k: 3	Ok .	0.703333
Meane	1320667	cove L	M.Change	non!Base	
Stdeve	0.6285	10,475909	6:074917	1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1	

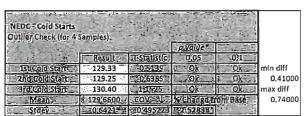


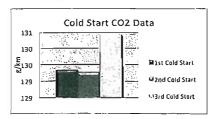
NEDC - Cold Starts			\$ 100 B		
Outlier Check (for 4	Samples)		'paloiye?'		
	BEOL	TS Fall Siles	10:05	Qa'	1
13 Cold Start	131,20	1.1488) Ok	(0)k	min diff
2nd Cold Start	131,11	250,6757	Ok	Ok .	0.033333
⇒rd cold start	131.12	10,4730	Ok-	3(0	max diff
iMean:=	19171433	COVER	% Change of	om Base	0.056667
Stdev	DE0:0493	20:037614	£11418297	N. F.	1

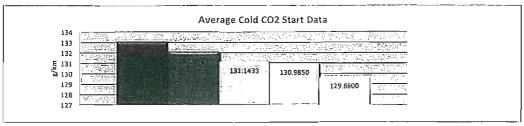


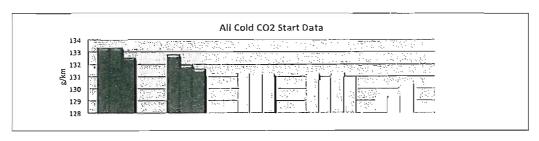












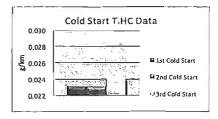


T.HC Results

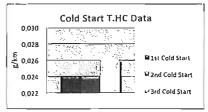
Bayoling NEOC - Cold Starts Dutler Check (for 4 S	amples)		i.		
	ر بالمالية		pvolue	·	
	Result	Tustaustic	0.05	0.1	min diff
13th Gold Statt	``0.026	T11547	Ok _	OK	0.00333
2nd Cold Start	0.031	.0.577A	(OK	Ok.	max diff
ard cold start	0.031	0.577A	QK	Ok.	0.00166
Mean	0.0293	COV= U	%.Change	rom Base	
Stdev.	10,0029	9,841198	0		

	Zanany	
and the second		
4,555		
- 1 to 1 to 1	32	¥ 1st Cold Start
		≌ 2nd Cold Start
*	1 70	
		い3rd Cold Start
	- 1 - 1 - 1 - 1 - 1 - 1 - 1 - 1 - 1 - 1	

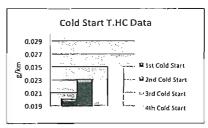
NEDC - Cold Starts Outlier Check (for 4					1/1
			R.Valle	4	1
	Results	-Tistatistics	0.05	0.1	min diff
Lift Cold Start	0.023	50,5774	OK 1	Ok	0.000333
2nd Cold Start	0.023	-0.577A	- Qk	Qk.	max diff
3rd Cold Start . ~	0.024	1:1547	10ks 1	OK :	0.000667
Mean =	0.0233	COV = 4	% Changesh	om Basti	1
Sidev = -	0.0006	27474358	220/4545		l

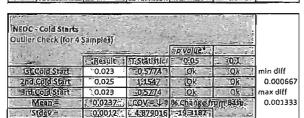


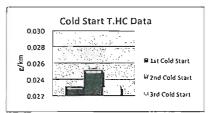
NEDC - Cold Starts Dutlier Check (for 4	Samples)				
			p value!"	3 3 4 4	ľ
Land March	Result	TStaustic	0:05	0,1	
1st cold Start	0,024	057.74	OK	Ok.	min diff
2nd cold start	0.024	-0.5774	Ok	Ok :	0,000667
_ and cold start	0.026	1715472	Ok	OK 7	max diff
	€0:0247	COV-1	% Change fr	om Base	0,001333
Stdev	30,0012	4.681218	15,9091		

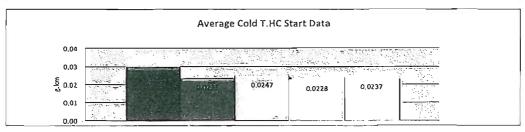


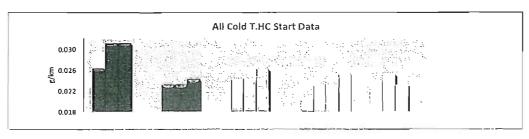
NEDG - Gold Starts Dubling Check (for 4	Samples)	4			
production and			p.volue*	(gr) - 1	
	Result	ाडिवामेट	0.05	0,1	1
13t Cold Start	0.020	13339	Ok_	OK	min diff
2nd Cold Start	0.023	0:1219	Ok s	Qk .	0,00275
3rd cold start	0,023	£ 051213	Ok !	Ok	max diff
4th Cold Start	0.025	1.0914	Ok *	Qk 1	0.00225
Mean	0.0228	ECOV = V	% Change I	rom Base	1
StideV	0.0021	79.061771	22,4432		











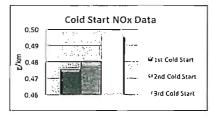


NOx Results

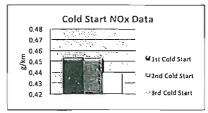
Basoline NEDC - Cold Starts Oùtligr Check (for 4	Samolés)				
Statuti Auconition 11		415	p value?	7	
S. S. S.	Result	T Statistic.	0.05	0.1	min diff
1st Cold Start	0.535	-1.0739	Ok	Ok	0.01900
2nd Cold Start	0.570	0.9044	Ok	Ok	max diff
3rd Cold Start	0.557	0.1696	:∴ ∴Ok.≝	Ok	0,01600
ીં. Mean ≑	0.5540_	COV = ↓ -	% Change fo	rom Base	
Stdev == ***	⊕0.0177	3.193467	%% 0 ₹%¢	} \\	

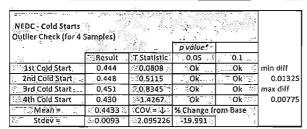
	Cold Start NOx D	ata
0.58	ALCOHOLD DOOR	
0.56	1 miles	
.54 원 0.54		¥ 1st Cold Start
D,52		C12nd Cold Start
0.50		-13rd Cold Start

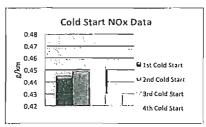
NEDC - Cold Starts Outlier Check (for 4	Samples)'		Tener A		
	🎉 باه بادی ک		p volue*		
	 Result ∄	(T/Statistic)	0.05	0.1	min diff
1st Cold Start	0.475	0.7474	Ok	3≷ O k	0.008333
2nd Cold Start	0,479	0.3886	Ok	Ok	max diff
3rd Cold Start	0.496	1,1360	Ok	Ok .	0.012667
Mean =	0.4833	_COV =∵↓	% Change 1	om Base	
Stdey =	_0.0112 -	2:306997	-12.7557_	Service married and the service of t	



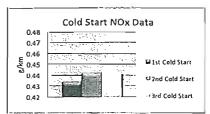
NEDC = Cold Starts Outlier Check (for 4 S	7 (§ 7) 				
1000 0 100 0	Result	T.Statistic:	0.05	0.1	
1st Cold Start	0.453	0.6402	C Ok.	"TOk TT	min diff
2nd Cold Start	0.452	0.5121	Ok ^	r Ok	0.00900
3rd Cold Start	0.439	£1.1523	Ok	Ok	max diff
Mean =	0.4480	_cov ≘.r/	% Change for	rom Base	0.00500
Stdev =	0.0078	%1.743359	-19.1336	Date A	

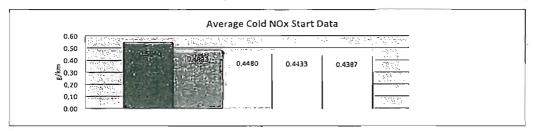


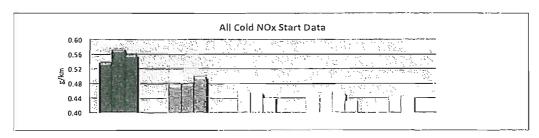




NEDC - Cold Starts Outlier Check (for 4	Samples)		nengy.	a Silika mininda	
	A SA AND TO	~35- 1 1	₹p.volue!	`. `	
	₹. %0	T Statistic	0.05	0.1	
1st Cold Start	0.433	-1.1488	Ok,	_ Ok	min diff
2nd Cold Start	0.441	D.4730_	- Ok	_: - Ok	0.005667
3rd Cold Start	. 0.442	2 0,6757	Ok	OKE-II	max diff
Mean =	∴0.4387	CON = ↑	% Change fr	om Base	0.00333
e= Stdev=" }=	⊕0,0049	1:124517	-20,8183		









The information below shows the

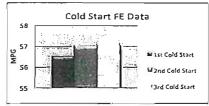
data for this vehicle.

Fuel Economy Results

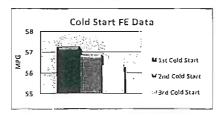
Dashling FTP - Cold Starts					
Outlier Check (for 3 S		41. No. 24. 1	p value*		
	Result	T Statistic	0.05	0.1	
1st Cold Start	55.5692	-1.1162	Ok	() Ok ∶	min diff
2nd Cold Start	56.0195	∴0.3022 ○	SEOk >	Ok	0.354367
3rd Cold Start	56.1820	0.8141	∴ Ok 淫	Ok	max diff
Mean =	55.9236	COΛ = ↑	% Change in	om Base	
Stdev = Stdev	0.3175	0.567675	46/ O*(15)	1,485,11,45	

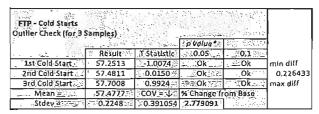
\$7	Cold Start FE Dat	ta .
S6 ₹		₽ 1st Cold Start
55	Baseline	¥ 2nd Cold Start

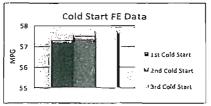
FTP - Cold Starts Outlier Check (for 3	Samples)				
all the same	A LAL HATE	1444	p.volue*	£1,142.4	1
1	Rosult -	T Statistic:	0.05	0.1	
1st Cold Start	56,4740	-1.1409	Ok:	∰ ∂Ok	ភារិក diff
2nd Cold Start	57,0090	0.4162	Ok∈ :	C)Ok	0.392
3rd Cold Start	57.1150	0,7247	Ox 1	Ok.	max diff
Mean =	56.8660	COV = ↓	% Change fr	om Base	1
Stdev.=	0.3436	₹0.604217	1.685217		

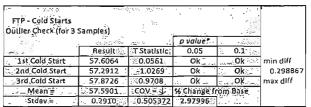


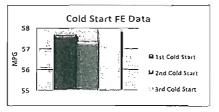
FTP - Cold Starts Outlier Check (for 3	Samples)		1		
	Constant of	1 Dec.	p volue :	Signanan	
Same .	Result	T Statistic:	0,05	20.1	
1st Cold Start	57.1794	0.9407	- Ok	on Ok ↑	min diff
2nd Cold Start 🤐	\$6.8250	0.1096	: ta:Ok ™	C. Ok	0,44786
:=: 3rd Cold Start :::	56.3304	-1.0503	Ok:	- Ok	max diff
Mean =	∜56.7783=	.COA = 1	% Change fo	rom Base	
ಾನ್ Stdeva ಕನ್ನಡ	0.4264	0.751036	1.528336		

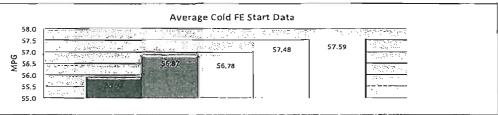


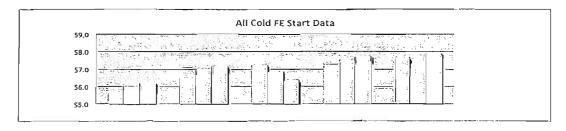














Summary

Vehicle emission testing was carried out at the Mahle emission testing facility based at Costin House St James Mill Road Northampton NN5 5TZ.

The purpose of this test program was to evaluate the performance of a additive, with a main focus on fuel economy and CO₂ emissions reduction.

Renault Modus diesel engine vehicle was chosen for testing. The vehicle had completed over 88,000 miles prior to testing and was fitted with a 5 speed manual gearbox. It was tested using the ECE 1505 (M) 11s and FTP75 drive cycles. Power curves were completed by Mahle Powertrain Ltd and performed at the start and end of the test program.

The base fuel used was supplied by the supplied by the additive testing the base fuel used for car registration number NU54 DYY was dosed with the supplied by the supplied by

During testing and road durability the vehicles were insured by Breakdown cover provided by the AA (Automobile Association).

was found to give a 2.6% MPG fuel economy benefit. Fuel consumption was reduced from 5.054 L/100km to 4.924 L/100km over the ECE drive cycle.

was found to give a 3.0% MPG fuel economy benefit. Fuel consumption was reduced from 5.051 L/100km to 4.905 L/100km over the FTP drive cycle.



The following information explains the definition of POWER and TORQUE. An engine produces POWER by providing a ROTATING SHAFT, which can exert a given amount of TORQUE on a load at a given RPM. The amount of TORQUE the engine can exert usually varies with RPM. A dynamometer determines the POWER an engine produces by applying a load to the engine output shaft by an eddy-current absorber. The dynamometer control system causes the absorber to exactly match the amount of torque the engine is producing at that instant, then measures that TORQUE as well as the RPM of the engine shaft, and from those two measurements, it calculates observed power. Then it applies various factors (air temperature, barometric pressure, relative humidity) in order to correct the observed power to the value it would have been if it had been measured at standard atmospheric conditions (corrected power).

Torque

Torque is a force that turns, twists or rotates. The spinning crankshaft of the engine thus creates torque. Torque is defined as force multiplied by distance. Standard methods of measurement use a Dynamometer (or Dyno). This works by placing an engine under load and measuring its output. This can be done either directly at the crank or by methods such as a rolling road. Measuring the amount of load that an engine can handle at given engine speeds gives a torque figure. Torque being a product of power (as below) and can be converted to give us the benchmark power figure. Torque and power are related by the following equation.

Power = Torque x RPM / 5252
The above formula varies if the measurement units are not BHP and lb/ft.

Brake Horsepower

Brake horsepower (bhp) is the measure of an engine's horsepower before the loss in power caused by the gearbox, alternator, differential, water pump, and other auxiliary components such as power steering pump, muffled exhaust system, etc. Brake refers to a device that is used to load an engine and hold it at a desired RPM. During testing, the output torque and rotational speed are measured to determine the brake horsepower. The output delivered to the driving wheels is less than that obtainable at the engine's crankshaft.

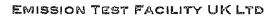




Table of Contents

1.0 Introduction	
1.1 Emission Test Laboratory 5	
1.2 Mahle Powertrain Ltd Certification 5	
6	
2.0 Aims 6	
2.1 Vehicle Preparation and Selection	
2.2 Test Schedule	
2.3 Test Procedure8	
2.4 Mileage Accumulation Procedure	
2.5 Fuel Blending Procedure	
3.0 Test Average Results9	
3.1.1 ECE Emissions Results	9
3.2.1 FTP75 Emissions Results	.10
3.1 Evaluation of Additive Performance11	
3.2 Power Test Results11	
Appendix 1: Power Curve Results12	
Power Curve 1 Base Fuel (Start of Project)12	
Power Curve 2 Additive Fuel (Start of Project)12	
Power Curve 3 Additive Fuel (End of Project)13	
Power Curve before and after project comparison13	
Appendix 2: Base Fuel Certificate Analysis14	
15	
20	



1.0 Introduction

This report describes the test methodology used and summarises the results found. A detailed data set from the tests performed has been given to the customer separately.

1.1 Emission Test Laboratory

MAHLE Powertrain has comprehensive, fully certified on-site facilities for vehicle emissions testing and drivability optimisation. State-of-the-art Emissions and Drivability Centre (EDC) at Northampton incorporates two fully equipped chassis dynamometers, one for climatic testing and the other for ambient work. Engineers and technicians have a wealth of experience in testing a wide range of vehicles and have all the necessary equipment to conduct globally legislative test programs in this fully certified facility.

- · Full size dilution tunnel
- Particulate mass and count measurement
- · Gasoline DI and diesel testing capability
- Currently certified to Euro 5a standards
- Cold environment testing to -40°C
- Dynamometers rated to 210 kW/600 Nm
- · Vehicles up to 3000 kg accommodated

Facilities include an ambient chamber operational up to +50°C, and a climatic chamber capable of -40°C to +50°C. Each chamber has a 48"single-roll chassis dynamometer rated at 210kW for vehicles up to 3000kg, running on gasoline, diesel and alternative fuels. All world legislative cycles and custom cycles are supported. Analysis of both raw and dilute emissions is available; along with gasoline GDI and diesel particulate mass and count capability in the ambient chamber. The facility also includes a cold soak area capable of -40°C with space for up to 4 vehicles and a warm soak area, controlled to 25°C +/- 2°C, which can accommodate 10 vehicles.

1.2 Mahle Powertrain Ltd Certification

MAHLE Powertrain is one of the world's leading providers of powertrain solutions to the global automotive sector. They achieve this outstanding position through the implementation of effective management systems.

Mahle has been awarded the following certifications.

- ISO/TS 16949:2002
- ISO 14001: 2004
- EMAS
- Ford Q1 preferred quality award Ford Q1 status is recognition of MAHLE Powertrain Ltd as an approved Tier 1 supplier to Ford



1.3 ETF UK Ltd Credits

ETF UK Ltd is a member of the British Technical Council (BTC) testing advisory group and actively participates in a vehicle correlation exercise. This involves a vehicle being passed around participating laboratories and emissions tests conducted at each facility. Results from each facility are collated.

edition. The article reported on research into aftermarket passenger car catalysts by who selected ETF UK Ltd to perform a series of vehicle emissions tests using different manufactures of catalyst.

This research found many non-type approved catalysts available on the market today are substandard. The results showed 20 times the level of Nitrogen Dioxide and 50% higher levels of hydrocarbons being emitted by non-type approved catalysts compared with Original Equipment Manufacture (OEM) approved catalysts. This study is leading to calls for Type-Approval to become mandatory in the UK as it already is in Europe.

This study looked at a single car with a large variety of type approved and non-type approved exhausts. A great number of tests were performed for this study by ETF UK Ltd.

(OE) and is fully EU type approved. They can supply exhausts for 97% of the European car parts. Over 200,000 replacement exhausts are fitted every month in the UK.

ETF UK Ltd also assisted Horiba in the testing and development of a standalone CVS system.

Ashwoods Hybrid Technologies selected ETF UK Ltd to perform emissions tests for their hybrid vehicle development project. This project received funding from the United Kingdom (UK) Department for Transport.

2.0 Aims

The main aim of this study is to evaluate the performance of an Afton Chemical fuel additive on fuel economy and tailpipe emissions.

2.1 Vehicle Preparation and Selection

The test vehicle and engine chosen for this fuel economy test program is the Renault Modus 1.4 and has the registration NU54 DYY. The vehicle was sourced from a vehicle commercial company. Prior to the test program the vehicle had completed around 88,000 miles of normal consumer use. This made it very typical of the vehicles on public roads today. A set of dynamometer tyres was fitted prior to all emissions tests.



2.2 Test Schedule

The vehicle underwent the NEDC 1505 (M) 11s test cycle and FTP75 test cycle.

Base Fuel Test Cycle 1

- Drain and Refill RF06 Base Fuel
- Fit Dyno Tyres
- OBD Check
- ECE Emission Preconditioning
- NEDC Emission Test 1
- NEDC Emission Test 2
- NEDC Emission Test 3
- ASTME 178 test results analysis
- FTP74 Emission Preconditioning
- FTP75 Emission Test 1
- FTP75 Emission Test 2
- FTP75 Emission Test 3
- Standard Power Curve
- ASTME 178 test results analysis
- Fit Road Tyres
- Mileage Accumulation

Additive Fuel Test Cycle 2,3,4,5

- Drain and Refill
- Standard Power Curve
- ECE Emission Preconditioning
- NEDC Emission Test 1
- NEDC Emission Test 2
- NEDC Emission Test 3
- ASTME 178 test results analysis
- FTP74 Emission Preconditioning
- FTP75 Emission Test 1
- FTP75 Emission Test 2
- FTP75 Emission Test 3
- ASTME 178 test results analysis
- Fit Road Tyres
- Mileage Accumulation

After each test cycle was completed the emissions results were checked for anomalies before testing continued. If an outlining emitter was identified a further test was conducted.

The base fuel used was and supplied by a sa a reference fuel, batch number A full analysis of the fuel properties can be found in appendix 2.

The Renault Modus used this base fuel plus mv of additive when additive fuel was required.

A final set of power curves were conducted at the end of the test program.



2.3 Test Procedure

The test vehicle was installed into the test laboratory chassis dynamometer with the driven wheels on the dynamometer rollers. The dynamometer control system was set to the appropriate road load model (RLM) and the exhaust tailpipe was connected to the Constant Volume Sampling (CVS) system.

The vehicle was weighed and inertia was set to

The vehicle was driven to the ECE Emissions Cycle. The vehicle preconditioning uses this cycle, but no data is taken during this phase. The vehicle was driven to the FTP75 Emissions Cycle. The vehicle preconditioning uses the FTP74 cycle, but no data is taken during this phase. Before each test the vehicle is contained within a soak area kept at 25±2°C for at least 10 hours. The test cell is also kept at this temperature. A road speed-tracking fan is used to provide airflow over the car during testing.

All test equipment is calibrated by Horiba trained personnel and traceable records kept.

2.4 Mileage Accumulation Procedure

Between tests the vehicle was required to complete 500km mileage accumulation to allow the fuel additive to have an effect. This was performed by ETF UK Ltd employees and was conducted on public roads. A variety of motorway, main roads and intercity driving were used as would be typical of an average consumer. The Welsh route was used to maintain repeatability over the course of the program.

2.5 Fuel Blending Procedure

Mahle Powertrain Ltd blended the fuel. The additive used was added to a barrel of reference fuel. This was then mixed using an air stirrer for 20 minutes. During this time the fuel barrel was earthed to prevent static charge build up. No further action was needed.



3.0 Test Average Results

3.1.1 ECE Emissions Results No Additive (Phase 1)

Reference Fuel No Emission Results Fuel Consumption ECE Odometer.											
Test Number	со	CO2	T.HC	NOx	T.HC + NOx	MPG	₹/100km	Mileage			
NAYA03-002	0.498	133.29	0.026	0.535	0.561	55.807	5.062	88731			
NAYA03-003	0.547	133.30	0.031	0.570	0.601	55.765	5.066	88738			
NAYA03-004	0.557	132.48	0.031	0.557	0.588	56.102	5.035	88745			
Average	0.534	133.02	0.029	0.554	0.583	55.891	5.054				

3.1.2 ECE Emissions Results with Additive (Phase 2)

Reference Fuel + Additive		Emission Resul	ts		Fuel Consum	ption ECE	Odometer	
Test Number	со	CO2	T.HC	NOx	T.HC + NOx	MPG	L/100km	Mileage
NAYA03-013	0.424	132.77	0.023	0.475	0.498	56.0700	5.030	89183
NAYA03-014	0.449	131.87	0.023	0.479	0.502	56.4400	5.000	89189
NAYA03-015	0.460	131.56	0.024	0.496	0.520	56,5600	4.994	89196
Average	0.444	132.07	0.023	0.483	0.507	56.3567	5.008	

3.1.3 ECE Emissions Results with Additive (Phase 3)

Reference Fuel + Additive			Emission Re			Fuel Consu	Odometer	
Test Number	СО	CO2	T.HC	NOx	T.HC + NOx	MPG	L/100km	Mileage
NAYA03-021	0.465	131.20	0.024	0.453	0.477	56.712	4.981	89366
NAYA03-022	0,461	131.11	0.024	0.452	0.476	56,757	4.977	89373
NAYA03-023	0.468	131.12	0,026	0.439	0.465	56.744	4.978	89380
Average	0.465	131.14	0.025	0.448	0.473	56.738	4.979	

3.1.4 ECE Emissions Results with Additive (Phase 4)

Reference Fuel + Additive				mission Results			Fuel Consumption ECE		
Test Number	со	CO2	T.HC	NOx	T.HC + NOx	MPG	L/100km	Mileage	
NAYA03-029	0.456	131.20	0.020	0.444	0.464	56.725	4.980	89801	
NAYA03-030	0.505	130.66	0.023	0.448	0.471	56.921	4.963	89808	
NAYA03-031	0.484	131.19	0.023	0.451	0.474	56.709	4.981	89815	
NAYA03-032	0.464	130.89	0.025	0.430	0.455	56.846	4.969	89822	
Average	0.477	130.99	0.023	0.443	0.466	56.800	4.973		

3.1.5 ECE Emissions Results with Additive (Phase 5)

Reference Fuel + Additive			Emission Result			Fuel Consum	ptlon ECE	Odometer
Test Number	co	CO2	T.HC	NOx	T.HC + NOx	MPG	L/100km	Mileage
NAYA03-039	0.499	129.33	0.023	0,433	0.456	57.508	4.912	90191
NAYA03-040	0.511	129.25	0.025	0.441	0.466	57.529	4.910	90197
NAYA03-041	0.483	130.40	0.023	0.442	0.465	57.050	4.950	90204
Average	0.498	129.66	0.024	0.439	0.462	57.362	4.924	



3.2.1 FTP75 Emissions Results No Additive (Phase 1)

Référence Fuel No Additive			Emission R	esults		Fuel Consun	nption EPA	Odometer_
Test Number	со	CO2	T.HC	NOx	T.HC + NOx	MPG	₹/100km	Mileage
NAY03-006	0.358	219.23	0.040	0.730	0.770	55.569	5.083	88759
NAY03-007	0.510	217.22	0.041	0.698	0.739	56.020	5.042	88770
NAY03-008	0.432	216.69	0.046	0.731	0.777	56.182	5.028	88781
Average	0.433	217.71	0.042	0.720	0.762	55.924	5.051	

3.2.2 FTP75 Emissions Results with Additive (Phase 2)

Reference Fuel +	1 - 2 - 2 - 2 - 2 - 2 - 2 - 2 - 2 - 2 -		Emission Re	sülts	37) 2	Fuel Consu	nption EPA	.Odometer
Test Number	CO	CO2	T.HC	NOx	T.HC + NOx	MPG	L/100km	Mileage
NAY03-017	0.171	216.04	0.027	0.560	0.587	56.474	5.002	89211
NAY03-018	0.175	214.01	0.026	0.560	0.586	57.009	4.955	89221
NAY03-019	0.195	213.57	0.028	0.552	0.580	57.115	4.946	89232
Average	0.180	214.54	0.027	0.557	0.584	56.866	4.968	

3.2.3 FTP75 Emissions Results with Additive (Phase 3)

0:2:01 11 10 Ethiodono Rodano Will Madilivo (1 hado o)									
Reference Fuel + Additive			Emission Re	sults		Fuel Consur	nption;EPA	Odometer	
Test Number	co	CO2	T.HC	NOx	T.HC + NOx	MPG	L/100km	Mileage	
NAY03-025	0.223	213.28	0.031	0.536	0.567	57.179	4.940	89393	
NAY03-026	0.206	214.64	0.031	0.551	0.582	56.825	4.971	89405	
NAY03-027	0.181	216.57	0.029	0.522	0.551	56.330	5.015	89416	
Average	0.203	214.83	0.030	0.536	0.567	56.778	4.975		

3.2.4 FTP75 Emissions Results with Additive (Phase 4)

Reference Fuel + Additive	is in		Emission Re		The state of the s	Fuel Consum	nption EPA	Odometer
Test Number	СО	CO2	T.HC	NOx	T.HC + NOx	MPG	L/100km	Mileage
NAY03-034	0.156	231.80	0.023	0.616	0.639	52.648	5.365	89843
NAY03-035	0.281	212.92	0.029	0.542	0.571	57.251	4.934	89858
NAY03-036	0.329	212.00	0,028	0.516	0.544	57.481	4.914	89865
NAY03-037	0.229	211.35	0.028	0.533	0.561	57.701	4.896	89876
Average	0.249	217.02	0.027	0.552	0.579	56.270	5.027	

3.2.5 FTP75 Emissions Results with Additive (Phase 5)

Référence Fuel + Additive		10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 1		sults	an see you. The Women's San	Fuel Consur	nption EPA	Odometer
Test Number	со	CO2	T.HC	NOx	T.HC + NOx	MPG	L/100km	Mlleage
NAY03-043	0.354	211.48	0.034	0.545	0.579	57.606	4.904	90218
NAY03-044	0.314	212,71	0.032	0.537	0.569	57.291	4.931	90229
NAY03-045	0.308	210.58	0.031	0.539	0.570	57.873	4.881	90240
Average	0.325	211.59	0.032	0.540	0.573	57.590	4.905	



3.1 Evaluation of Additive Performance

The main focus of this test was to evaluate the effect of the fuel additive of CO₂ and emissions. The table below shows the percentage improvement from start to end of test.

ECE			_			
CO2		FE, N	1PG	FC, I/100km		
Start of	End of	Start of	End of	Start of	End of test	
Test	test	Test	test	Test		
133.02	129.66	55.891	57.362	5.054	4.924	
% Change		% Cha	ange	% Change		
-2.53		2.6	3	-2.57		

Using the data above, the CO2 has reduced from 133.02 to 129.66 indicating an improvement of 2.5%.

Using MPG, 55.891 goes to 57.362 an improvement of 2.6%.

ECE fuel consumption improvement in I/100km was 2.6%, going from 5.054 to 4.924 /100km.

FTP						
CO2		FE, N	1PG	FC, I/100km		
Start of	End of	Start of	End of	Start of	End of test	
Test	test	Test	test	Test		
217.71	211.59	55.924	57.590	5.051	4.905	
% Change		% Cha	ange	% Change		
-2.8	81	2.9	8	-2.89		

Using the data above, the CO2 has reduced from 217.71 to 211.59 indicating an improvement of 2.8%.

Using MPG, 55.924 goes to 57.590 an improvement of 3.0%.

EPA fuel consumption improvement in I/100km should be 2.9%, going from 5.051 to 4.905 /100km.

3.2 Power Test Results

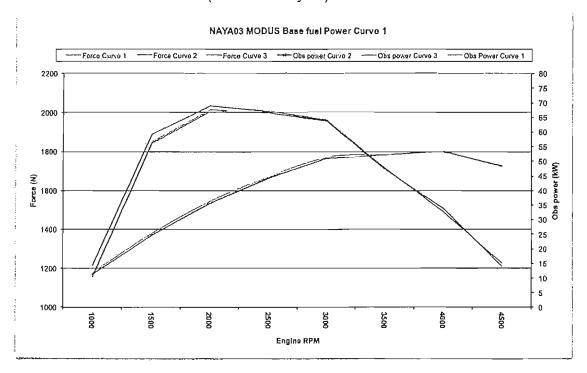
At the start of the test program a power curve was conducted on the vehicle whilst using the base fuel and additive fuel. After the test program a repeat power curve was performed on the vehicle whilst using additive fuel.





Appendix 1: Power Curve Results

Power Curve 1 Base Fuel (Start of Project)



Power Curve 2 Additive Fuel (Start of Project)

